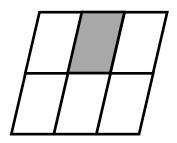


Name	Date		
Each shape is 1 whole.	Estimate to equally partition the shape and shade to show the given fraction.		
1. 1 fourth			
2. 1 fifth			

3. The shape represents 1 whole. Write the fraction for the shaded part.



The shaded part is \_\_\_\_\_\_ .





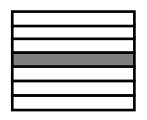


Name	Date

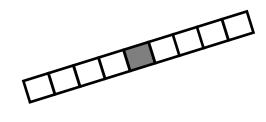
1. Fill in the chart.

Total Number of Equal Parts	Total Number of Equal Parts Shaded	Unit Form	Fraction

2. Each image below is 1 whole. Write the fraction that is shaded.





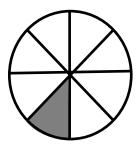


3. Draw two identical rectangles. Partition one into 5 equal parts. Partition the other rectangle into 8 equal parts. Label the unit fractions and shade 1 equal part in each rectangle. Use your rectangles to explain why  $\frac{1}{5}$  is bigger than  $\frac{1}{8}$ .



Name		Date		
1.	Complete the number sentence each unit. Shade the answer.	. Estimate to partition the strip equally.	Write the unit fraction inside	
	2 fifths =			

2.



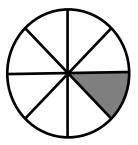
- a. What fraction of the circle is shaded?
- b. What fraction of the circle is not shaded?

3. Complete the chart.

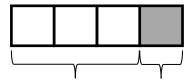
	Total Number of Equal Parts	Total Number of Shaded Equal Parts	Unit Fraction	Fraction Shaded
8				



- 1. Write the fraction that is <u>not</u> shaded.
- 2. There are \_\_\_\_\_ sixths in 1 whole.



3. The fraction strip is 1 whole. Write fractions to label the shaded and unshaded parts.



4. Justin mows part of his lawn. Then, his lawnmower runs out of gas. He has not mowed  $\frac{9}{10}$  of the lawn. What part of his lawn is mowed?